|  | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | Suggested artists |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drawing <br> (pencil, charcoal, inks, chalk, pastels, ICT software) | - Begin to use a variety of drawing tools <br> - Use drawings to tella story Investigate different lines <br> - Explore different textures Encourage accurate drawings of people | - Extend the variety of drawings tools <br> - Explore different textures <br> - Observe and draw landscapes <br> - Observe patterns <br> - observe anatomy faces, limbs) | - experiment with tools and surfaces <br> - draw a way of recording experiences and feelings discuss use of shadows, use of light and dark <br> - Sketch to make quick records | - Experiment with the potential of various pencils <br> - close observation <br> - Draw both the positive and negative shapes <br> - initial sketches as a preparation for painting <br> - accurate drawings of people - particularly faces | - Identify and draw the effect of light <br> - scale and proportion <br> - accurate drawings of whole people including proportion and placement <br> - Work on a variety of scales <br> - computer generated drawings | - effect of light on objects and people from different directions <br> - interpret the texture of a surface <br> - produce increasingly accurate drawings of people <br> - concept of perspective | - effect of light on objects and people from different directions <br> - interpret the texture of a surface <br> - produce increasingly accurate drawings of people <br> - concept of perspective | Leonardo Da Vinci, Vincent Van Gogh, Poonac, Seurat, Cezanne, Picasso, Goya and Rosetti |
| Colour <br> (painting, ink, dye, textiles, pencils, crayon, pastels) | - Experimenting with and using primary colours <br> - Naming <br> - mixing (not formal) <br> - Learn the names of different tools that bring colour <br> - Use a range of tools to make coloured marks on paper | - name all the colours <br> - mixing of colours <br> - Find collections of colour <br> - applying colour with a range of tools | - Begin to describe colours by objects <br> - Make as many tones of one colour as possible (using white) <br> - Darken colours without using black <br> - using colour on a large scale | - colour mixing <br> - Make colour wheels <br> - Introduce different types of brushes <br> - techniques- apply colour using dotting, scratching, splashing | - - colour mixing and matching; tint, tone, shade <br> - - observe colours <br> - - suitable equipment for the task <br> - - colour to reflect mood | - hue, tint, tone, shades and mood <br> - explore the use of texture in colour <br> - colour for purposes <br> - - <br> - | - hue, tint, tone, shades and mood <br> - explore the use of texture in colour <br> - colour for purposes <br> - colour to express feelings | Pollock, Monet, Chagall, Ben Moseley,Van Gogh, Lowry, Matisse. |
| Texture (textiles, clay, sand, plaster, stone) | - Handling, manipulating and enjoying using materials <br> - Sensory experience <br> - Simple collages <br> - simple weaving | - weaving <br> - collage <br> - Sort according to specific qualities <br> - how textiles create things | - overlapping and <br> overlaying to create  <br> effects  <br> - Use large eyed needles - <br> running stitches  <br> - Simple appliqué work <br> - Start to explore other <br> simple stitches  <br> - collage | - Use smaller eyed needles and finer threads <br> - weaving <br> - Tie dying, batik <br> - | - Use a wider variety of stitches <br> - observation and design of textural art <br> - experimenting with creating mood, feeling, movement- <br> - compare different fabrics | - use stories, music, poems as stimuli <br> - Select and use materials <br> - embellish work <br> - fabric making <br> - artists using textiles | - Develops experience in embellishing <br> - Applies knowledge of different techniques to express feelings <br> - Work collaboratively on a larger scale | Linda Caverley, Molly Williams, William Morris, Gustav Klimt <br> Art Inspired from Africa and India |
| Form <br> (3D work, clay, dough, boxes, wire, paper sculpture, mod roc ) | - Handling, feeling, enjoying and manipulating materials <br> - Constructing <br> - Building and destroying <br> - Shape and model | - Construct <br> - Use materials to make known objects for a purpose <br> - Carve <br> - Pinch and roll coils and slabs using a modelling media. <br> - Make simple joins | - Awareness of natural and man-made forms <br> - Expression of personal experiences and ideas <br> - to shape and form from direct observation (malleable and rigid materials) <br> - decorative techniques <br> - Replicate patterns and textures in a 3-D form <br> - work and that of other sculptors | - Shape, form, model and construct (malleable and rigid materials) <br> - Plan and develop <br> - understanding of different adhesives and methods of construction - aesthetics | - Plan and develop <br> - Experience surface patterns / textures <br> - Discuss own work and work of other sculptors <br> - analyse and interpret natural and manmade forms of construction | - plan and develop ideas <br> - Shape, form, model and join <br> - observation or imagination <br> - properties of media <br> - Discuss and evaluate own work and that of other sculptors | - plan and develop ideas <br> - Shape, form, model and join <br> - observation or imagination <br> - properties of media <br> - Discuss and evaluate own work and that of other sculptors | Henry Moore, Barbara <br> Hepworth, Andy <br> Goldsworthy, <br> Hepworth, Paul <br> Landowski, Egyptian <br> Artefacts, Anglo Saxon <br> Inspiration, recycling <br> materials. |
| Printing <br> (found materials, fruit/veg, wood blocks, press print, lino, string) | - Rubbings <br> - Print with variety of objects <br> - Print with block colours | - Create patterns <br> - Develop impressed images <br> - Relief printing | - Print with a growing range of objects <br> - Identify the different forms printing takes | - relief and impressed printing <br> - recording textures/patterns <br> - monoprinting <br> - colour mixing through overlapping colour prints | - Use sketchbook for recording textures/patterns <br> - Interpret environmental and manmade patterns <br> - modify and adapt print | - combining prints <br> - design prints <br> - make connections <br> - discuss and evaluate own work and that of others | - Builds up drawings and images of whole or parts of items using various techniques <br> - Screen printing <br> - Explore printing techniques used by various artists | Picasso, Dan Mather, Andy Warhol, examples from Advertisin. |
| Pattern ( paint, pencil, textiles, clay, printing) | - repeating patterns <br> - irregular painting patterns <br> - Simple symmetry | - Awareness and discussion of patterns <br> - repeating patterns <br> - symmetry | - Experiment by arranging, folding, repeating, overlapping, regular and irregular patterning <br> - natural and manmade patterns <br> - Discuss regular and irregular | - pattern in the environment <br> - design <br> - using ICT <br> - make patterns on a range of surfaces <br> - symmetry | - Explore environmental and manmade patterns <br> - tessellation | - Create own abstract pattern to reflect personal experiences and expression <br> - create pattern for purposes | - Create own abstract pattern to reflect personal experiences and expression <br> - create pattern for purposes | Joan Miro, Bridget Riley, Escher, Paul Klee, |

